	lorine is formed when KMnO₄ reacts with hydrochloric acid. e ionic equation for this redox reaction is
	$16H^{+} + 2MnO_{4}^{-} + 10Cl^{-} \longrightarrow 2Mn^{2+} + 8H_{2}O + 5Cl_{2}$
(i)	Deduce the half-equation for the oxidation of chloride ions to chlorine.
(ii)	Give the oxidation state of manganese in the MnO ₄ ⁻ ion.
(iii)	Deduce the half-equation for the reduction of the MnO_4^- ions in acidified solution to manganese(II) ions and water.
	lorine behaves as an oxidising agent in the extraction of bromine from seawater. his process, chlorine gas is bubbled through a solution containing bromide ions.
	his process, chlorine gas is bubbled through a solution containing bromide ions. Write the simplest ionic equation for the reaction of chlorine with bromide ions.
In t	his process, chlorine gas is bubbled through a solution containing bromide ions. Write the simplest ionic equation for the reaction of chlorine with bromide ions.
In t	his process, chlorine gas is bubbled through a solution containing bromide ions. Write the simplest ionic equation for the reaction of chlorine with bromide ions. Give one observation that would be made during this reaction.
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In t (i) (ii)	his process, chlorine gas is bubbled through a solution containing bromide ions. Write the simplest ionic equation for the reaction of chlorine with bromide ions. Give one observation that would be made during this reaction.

Q1.Chlorine is an important industrial chemical.

	Give the oxidation state of chlorine in the chlorine-containing species that is form	ed.
	Equation	
	Oxidation state of chlorine in the species formed	(2)
(d)	Explain why chlorine has a lower boiling point than bromine.	
		(2)
	(Total	10 marks)
Q2. The fo	ollowing pairs of compounds can be distinguished by simple test-tube reactions.	
to di	each pair, give a suitable reagent that could be added separately to each compound istinguish between them. scribe what you would observe in each case.	d
(a)	AgBr(s) and AgI(s)	
	Reagent	
	Observation with AgBr(s)	
	Observation with AgI(s)	
		(3)
(b)	HCl(aq) and HNO₃(aq)	

		Reagent	
		Observation with HCI(aq)	
		Observation with HNO ₃ (aq)	
			. (3)
			()
	(c)	Cyclohexane and cyclohexene	
	(0)	Reagent	
		Observation with cyclohexane	
		Observation with cyclohexene	•
		Observation with cyclonexcite	
			(3)
	(d)	Butanal and butanone	
		Reagent	
		Observation with butanal	
		Observation with butanone	
			. (3)
			(Total 12 marks)
Q3. TI	he fol	lowing pairs of compounds can be distinguished by simple test-tube reactio	ns.
	adde	each pair of compounds, give a reagent (or combination of reagents) that, whed separately to each compound, could be used to distinguish between them what is observed in each case.	
	(a)	Butan-2-ol and 2-methylpropan-2-ol	
		Reagent	

Observation with butan-2-ol	
Observation with 2-methylpropan-2-ol	
Propane and propene	
Reagent	
Observation with propane	
Observation with propene	
Aqueous silver nitrate and aqueous sodium nitrate	
Reagent	
Observation with aqueous silver nitrate	
Observation with aqueous sodium nitrate	

(d) Aqueous magnesium chloride and aqueous barium chloride

 Ot (a) Stro Bo	bservation with aqueous magnesium chloride bservation with aqueous barium chloride (Total 12 magnetium chloride is used in toothpaste for sensitive teeth. of the strontium carbonate and strontium sulfate are white solids that are insoluble in ater. Write an equation for the reaction between strontium chloride solution and
(a) Stro Bo wa	ontium chloride is used in toothpaste for sensitive teeth. oth strontium carbonate and strontium sulfate are white solids that are insoluble in ater.
Wa	(Total 12 ma ontium chloride is used in toothpaste for sensitive teeth. oth strontium carbonate and strontium sulfate are white solids that are insoluble in ater.
Wa	oth strontium carbonate and strontium sulfate are white solids that are insoluble in ater.
(i)	Write an equation for the reaction between strontium chloride solution and
.,	sodium sulfate solution. Include state symbols in your equation.
(ii)	 Strontium carbonate reacts with nitric acid to produce a solution of strontium nitrate. Strontium sulfate does not react with nitric acid.
	Describe briefly how you could obtain strontium sulfate from a mixture of strontium carbonate and strontium sulfate. You are not required to describe the purification of the strontium sulfate.

(b) A solution of magnesium sulfate is sometimes given as first aid to someone who

	has swallow	ed barium chloride.	
	Explain why barium poiso	drinking magnesium sulfate solution is effective in the treatmer oning.	nt of
			(1)
(c)	mide. her		
	Describe bri	efly how you would carry out this test and state what you would	observe.
			(3)
			(Total 7 marks)
Q5.Which	of these subs	tances reacts most rapidly to produce a silver halide precipitate	with
acidif	ied silver nitr	ate?	
Α	CH₃Br	0	
В	CH₃CI	0	
С	CH₃F	0	
D	CH₃I	0	
			(Total 1 mark)
			(· Court manny

Q6.This question is about the chemical properties of chlorine, sodium chloride and sodium bromide.

(a)	Sodium bromide reacts with concentrated sulfuric acid in a different way from sodium chloride.	
	Write an equation for this reaction of sodium bromide and explain why bromide ions react differently from chloride ions.	
	Equation	
	Explanation	
		(3)
(b)	A colourless solution contains a mixture of sodium chloride and sodium bromide.	
	Using aqueous silver nitrate and any other reagents of your choice, develop a procedure to prepare a pure sample of silver bromide from this mixture. Explain each step in the procedure and illustrate your explanations with equations, where appropriate.	
		(6)
		(0)
(c)	Write an ionic equation for the reaction between chlorine and cold dilute sodium hydroxide solution. Give the oxidation state of chlorine in each of the chlorine-containing ions formed.	

	(-)
	1.51
	(4)
	` ,
<i>(</i> -	Total 11 marks)
	romarks)